

# AU™ Certified Specialist in Agile Testing (CSAT) Sample Exam – 10 Questions with Answers

Released Version 2022 Syllabus

# Agile United



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# **Purpose of this document**

This document contains 10 sample exam questions for AU Certified Specialist in Agile Testing (CSAT) in the English language.

The sample questions, answer sets and associated justifications in this document have been created by a team of subject matter experts and experienced question writers with the aim of assisting people who are planning to take the AU Certified Specialist in Agile Testing (CSAT) examination.

None of these questions are used in the official AU Certified Specialist in Agile Testing (CSAT) examination, but they are written to the same level of difficulty as the official certification exam.

# **Instructions**

The question and answer sets are organized in the following way:

- Chapters
- Question including any scenario followed by the question stem
- Answer Set

# General Information on the sample exam paper:

- Number of Questions: 10
- Number of points: 1 per question
- Please only choose one answer per question

# **List of Chapters**

- Chapter 1 Leadership
- Chapter 2 Damage
- Chapter 3 Bug Hunt
- Chapter 4 Biases
- Chapter 5 Exploratory Testing
- Chapter 6 Negotiations
- Chapter 7 Visualization





Qu	esti	on 1	(Correct answer is worth 1 point)	
Whi	ch of	the following statements applies to psycholog	ical safety of a team?	
	(a)	A shared belief held by members of a team trisk-taking.	hat the team is safe for interpersonal	
	(b)	Being able to show and employ oneself with self-image, status or career.	out fear or negative consequences of	
	(c)	It is a group-level phenomenon.		
	(d)	All of the above statements (A, B & C).		
Qu	esti	on 2	(Correct answer is worth 1 point)	
		ing psychological safety of the team, what is m y?" (Choose the best answer from the options	• •	
	(a)	To see people as a resource to get to the go	pal intended.	
	(b)	To see money as a resource to help the gro	wth of the employees.	
	(c)	To make sure that the company targets are	met, regardless of the costs.	
	(d)	None of the above are suitable explanations	(A, B or C).	
Qu	esti	on 3	(Correct answer is worth 1 point)	
Whi	ch <b>Ol</b>	<b>NE</b> of the following elements is MOST often fo	rgotten when executing step 2 of a PDA?	
	(a)	P (Chance)		
	(b)	I (Impact)		
	(c)	K (Knowledge)		
	(d)	T (Time)		



Qu	esti	ion 4	(Correct answer is worth 1 point)		
Which <b>ONE</b> of the following options is <b>NOT</b> a typical characteristic of "soap opera" scenarios?					
	(a)	They are not inspired by the real world.			
	(b)	They can help you find design holes.			
	(c)	They challenge your creativity.			
	(d)	They have a broad coverage of the system.			
Qu	esti	ion 5	(Correct answer is worth 1 point)		
		NE of the following statements would be the MOST Bug hunts are a good introduction to Exploratory Te			
	(a)	True: bug hunts can be used to prove value of a t	test charter guided test.		
	(b)	True: a lot of bugs can be found by clicking arour	nd.		
	(c)	False: bug hunts can only be executed when hav exploratory testing.	ing thorough knowledge of		
	(d)	False: bug hunts are a great way to introduce tes	ting, but only in the 'known'-domain.		
<del></del>	octi	ion 6	(Cannada nanguaria manth dan aint)		
Qu	esu		(Correct answer is worth 1 point)		
Whi	ch Ol	NE of the following options is the CORRECT definit	ion of Attribution bias?		
	(a)	A cognitive bias that refers to the systematic erro try to find reasons for their own and others' behave	• •		
	(b)	The tendency to search for, interpret, favor, and r confirms or supports one's prior beliefs or values.	•		
	(c)	Prejudgment or forming an opinion before becom case.	ing aware of the relevant facts of a		
	(d)	The human tendency to perceive meaningful patt	erns within random data.		



Qu	esti	on 7	(Correct answer is worth 1 point)	
Whi	ch <b>Ol</b>	<b>NE</b> of the following options is the <b>MOS</b>	<b>F</b> beneficial way to find "black swans"?	
	(a)	Checking on "HALT".		
	(b)	Executing a rational analysis.		
	(c)	Taking the outsider perspective.		
	(d)	Reflect on the past.		
Qu	esti	on 8	(Correct answer is worth 1 point)	
	•	Create, Read, Update, Delete) everythilE of the following dimensions?	ng with zero, one and many" refers to the use of	
	(a)	Never and Always		
	(b)	Sequences and interactions		
	(c)	Entities and their relationships		
	(d)	States and transitions		
Qu	esti	on 9	(Correct answer is worth 1 point)	
Whe	en ne	gotiating, the item "let your partner defi	ne the solution"	
	(a)	refers to the faulty feeling that you interlocutor wants, to be freed of the	want to compromise, or give in to what your tension that is part of negotiating.	
	(b)	refers to the idea that when your invaluable information on the key-interest.	nterlocutor defines the solution, you have ests of your partner.	
	(c)		onted with demands, asking your interlocutor to r him someone who works for you, not against	
	(d)	refers to the idea that when your in he feels more in control.	nterlocutor communicates the solution, she or	



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QU	estion	10

(Correct answer is worth 1 point)

When visualizing, there are two reoccurring common elements. Which <b>ONE</b> of the following options contains the <b>MAIN</b> two recurring common elements?				
	(a)	Pictures and the verbal explanation		
	(b)	Nodes and links		
	(c)	Entities and their relationships		
	(d)	Popcornflows and Metromaps		

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### **Answer Key:**

### Question 1: Answer D is correct

#### Explanation

This is an in-depth question about the understanding of the core of psychological safety. A, B are viable definitions (B being the one expressed in the syllabus) of psychological safety, whereby C is an attribute of psychological safety: it can only be detected on a group-level. Therefore, A, B and C are correct, which leaves D as the correct answer.

#### Question 2: Answer B is correct

#### Explanation

Research has shown that putting people first lets businesses thrive and grow, while putting business goals over people, makes business (at least in the long run) wither away. B is the correct answer.

#### Question 3: Answer C is correct

#### Explanation

Chance (P) and I (Impact) are elementary to even come to a numerical assessment on potential damage. Knowledge (K), that is, the level of knowledge there is to be able to make a high-quality PDA, is often not considered for this, because it requires self-criticism, which is uncommon. 'T' is a letter that means nothing in this context. Therefore, the correct answer is C.

#### Question 4: Answer A is correct

#### Explanation

Paragraph 3.2 of the syllabus: Soap opera scenarios demand test knowledge and business knowledge and are a great way to share this knowledge among development teams and business. They have a broad coverage of the system and do not need system requirements; they challenge your creativity and often help find design holes in the system. A is the correct answer.

#### Question 5: Answer A is correct

#### Explanation

Paragraph 3.3 of the syllabus: "Create an accessible introduction to exploratory testing." ET sometimes has a name of 'just clicking around' and bug hunts can be used to prove value of a test charter guided test. A is the correct answer.

#### Question 6: Answer A is correct

#### Explanation

Paragraph 4.3.1 of the syllabus: in psychology, an attribution bias is a cognitive bias that refers to the systematic errors made when people evaluate or try to find reasons for their own and others' behavior. A is the correct answer.

#### Question 7: Answer C is correct

## Explanation

Paragraph 4.4 mentions "states of awareness concerning biases", where all the possible answers are found. Also as mentioned in chapter 2 "Damages", black swans can be found when creating a "red team" as opposed to your current project team, creating an outsider perspective. C is the correct answer.

## Question 8: Answer C is correct

### Explanation

See paragraph 5.5.3 of the syllabus: Your software uses things, depends on things, and manages things. It lets users create, update, and delete things. Things are the reason your software exists. Find the (hidden) entities, attributes and dependencies; use the PROJECT and PRODUCT mnemonics to help you. CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) everything with zero, one and many. Follow the data during its lifecycle and try to break the cycle. C is the correct answer.

#### Question 9: Answer D is correct

## Explanation

When people in a negotiation communicate the solution, they feel more in control, and thus have greater trust in the process and results of the negotiation. Answer D is the correct answer.



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#### Question 10: Answer B is correct

Explanation

See paragraph 7.1 of the syllabus: Visualization of in this case toast comes up with many different drawings in which different angles play a role: the toast, the toaster, the mechanics of the toaster, the people experience or the whole supply chain of toast. They have 2 elements in common: *Nodes* (the pictures of the toast, toaster, people, ...) [and] *links between the nodes*. Answer B is the correct answer.